

I.

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*Sustainable Development Goals in
SAARC Countries:
Key Issues, Opportunities and Challenges*



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**THE ROLE OF SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS IN BUILDING MORE EQUITY
TABLE WORLD**

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Abstract:

Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) were adopted by United Nations in 2015 to address the global challenges like poverty, inequality, climate change, and environmental degradation. The present paper aims to provide a comprehensive analysis of the role of SDGs in achieving sustainable development. The article outlines the significance of SDGs in addressing the global development challenges and highlights the interlinkages between SDGs. It also analyzes the challenges and opportunities in achieving SDGs, including financing, technological advancements, and institutional arrangements. The paper also proposes some policy recommendations for achieving SDGs, including strengthening global cooperation, promoting sustainable production and consumption, and enhancing public-private partnerships. The analysis concludes that SDGs serve as a holistic approach to achieving sustainable development, and their implementation requires a transformative change in the global economic system.

Keywords: Sustainable Development Goals, Sustainable Development, Global Cooperation, Public-Private Partnerships, Financing, Technological Advancements.

Introduction:

The concept of sustainability has been a top global agenda since the 1980s. Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) were adopted by the United Nations in September 2015 as a continuation of Millennium Development Goals (MDGs). The SDGs comprise of 17 goals and 169 targets aimed at addressing the complex interrelated challenges of poverty, inequality, climate change, and environmental degradation (United Nations, (2015)). SDGs aimed at achieving sustainable development, which implies meeting the present development needs without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs. SDGs also emphasize the importance of a balanced approach between the economic, social, and environmental dimensions of development (Sachs, J. (2012)).

The SDGs play a crucial role in achieving sustainable development because they address the most pressing economic, social, and environmental challenges facing the world today. These goals provide a comprehensive and integrated framework for sustainable development, which recognizes that economic growth, social inclusion, and environmental protection are mutually reinforcing and interdependent.

The SDGs cover a wide range of issues, including poverty, hunger, health, education, gender equality, clean water and sanitation,

affordable and clean energy, decent work and economic growth, sustainable cities and communities, responsible consumption and production, climate action, and biodiversity. By addressing these issues, the SDGs promote sustainable development in a holistic and integrated manner (Morgera, E. (2016)).

Achieving sustainable development requires the collective effort and collaboration of all stakeholders, including governments, civil society, the private sector, and individuals. The SDGs provide a common language and framework for action, which can mobilize all stakeholders to work towards a shared vision of a more sustainable world.

The SDGs are essential for achieving sustainable development because they provide a comprehensive and integrated framework for addressing the economic, social and environmental challenges facing the world today. They promote a collective effort and collaboration to work towards a shared vision of a sustainable future for all (Le Blanc, D. (2015)).

The SDGs provide a framework for countries and organizations to work towards achieving sustainable development in a coordinated and comprehensive way. They address key issues such as poverty, hunger, health, education, gender equality, clean water and sanitation, affordable and clean energy, climate action, and responsible consumption.

The role of the SDGs in building a more equitable world is crucial. These goals provide a framework for nations and organizations to work together to create a more just and sustainable world. They set targets that are measurable, time-bound, and address key issues affecting people and the planet.

The SDGs also recognize that poverty, inequality, and environmental degradation are interconnected and require a holistic approach. By incorporating social, economic, and environmental factors into their targets, the SDGs promote a more equitable and sustainable development path.

Achieving the SDGs requires the participation and contributions of all stakeholders, including governments, civil society, the private sector, and individuals. Together, we can work towards building a more equitable world where everyone has access to basic needs and can thrive in a sustainable and healthy environment.

Importance of SDGs:

SDGs are of vital importance as they provide a comprehensive framework to address the global challenges. The interlinkages between SDGs reflect the complexity of the challenges and the need for an integrated approach. For instance, economic growth should be sustainable and inclusive, social progress should incorporate environmental concerns, and environmental protection should be consistent with economic progress. SDGs also provide a platform for stakeholders to collaborate and act jointly on the global challenges. Finally, SDGs mobilize resources from diverse sources- public, private, and civil society- to support the implementation of actions towards sustainable development.

Challenges and Opportunities in Achieving SDGs:

Numerous challenges need to be addressed to achieve SDGs. One of the significant challenges in financing SDGs is the development needs of low-income countries. Low-income countries face the challenge of limited resources for sustainable development projects due to their high debt levels Le Blanc, D. (2015). The scaling up of financing sustainable development projects in low-income countries requires Innovative sources of finance to complement traditional aid. The development of socially responsible investment, green bonds, and impact investment can provide alternative sources of finance in the low-income countries.

Another challenge is the lack of technological advancement in meeting SDGs targets. The implementation of SDGs requires technological innovations that are environmentally sustainable, economically viable, and socially acceptable. The development of innovation ecosystems that promote collaboration, and knowledge sharing between public, private, and academic institutions is crucial for technological advancement in meeting SDGs targets.

Furthermore, SDGs require institutional arrangements that are supportive, have authority and responsibility, and are accountable. The restructuring of governance arrangements to be more collaborative, inclusive, and responsive to the needs of the society is crucial for the success of SDGs. The success of SDGs implementation relies on effective public-private partnerships, multi-stakeholder collaboration, and innovative governance arrangements.

Conclusion:

Sustainable Development Goals serve as a holistic approach to achieving sustainable development. Their implementation requires transformative change in the global economic system. The integration of SDGs provides an opportunity to create synergies, maximize impact, and support efficient targets delivery towards meeting sustainable development goals. The financing, technological advancement, and institutional arrangements are crucial to the implementation of SDGs. Strengthening global cooperation, promoting sustainable production and consumption, and enhancing public-private partnerships are essential steps towards achieving sustainable development. A transformative change in the global economic system, political will, and strong leadership is fundamental to achieving SDGs and sustainable development.

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సాంఘికశాస్త్రాలు



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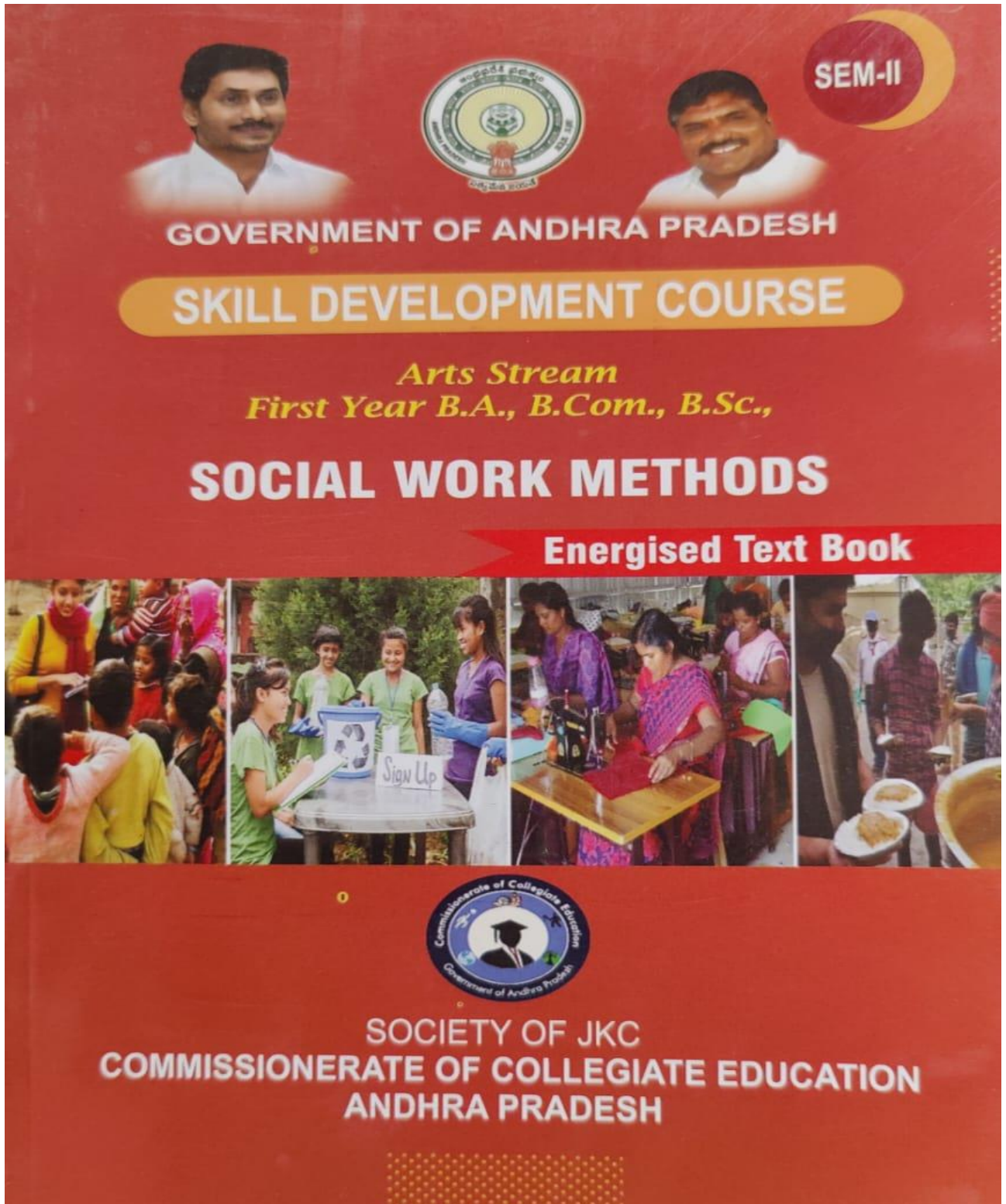
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WOMEN IN CONTEMPORARY SOCIETY: A HISTORICAL PROSPECTIVE



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Gender Equality in Ancient India - A Historical Perspective

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Smt. Bashaboina Mamatha, Research Scholar in Botany.

Abstract :

Without women nothing is possible for men. A woman is the basic unit of society. She makes a family, family make a home, home a society and ultimately society make a country. A country cannot progress until and unless its women take initiatives for development works. Women are the gift to the society. During ancient period of India, women played a significant role. The Rig Vedic Women in India enjoyed high status in society. The women were provided opportunity to attain high intellectual and spiritual standard. There were many women Rishis during this period. Women had an equal standing with men in all aspects of life during the early Vedic period. In ancient India, women respected though there was a patriarchal society. Women were considered valuable and productive community members by the Vedic Aryans, who were mainly engaged in fighting the war. Women of the Kshatriya caste were trained in the field of martial arts and arms. In ancient times the multitude of Goddesses was created to instill respect for women. In ancient times, the women were considered and accepted with great respect and dignity. During this period, there were women rishis, and they were held in high esteem. In royal households, women were given respect and they even rendered a significant contribution in the making of decisions and administrative functions. They were made aware in terms of all areas and played an important part in politics as well. The main areas that have been taken into account in this research paper include women's position in ancient India, position of women in the Hindu dharma and education, and ancient women and politics.

Keywords: Ancient India, Gender, Politics, Society and economy

During ancient India, women were revered and rendered a significant contribution towards leading to welfare of the family and society. The women were given a high status within the society and they felt gratifying and contented. They were provided with the opportunity to attain high intellectual and spiritual standards. During this period, there were many women rishis. The wealthier classes believed in polygamy, but monogamy was prevalent. The system of sati and child marriage was not prevalent. In the Rig Vedic society, women were revered and appreciated, but they were being discriminated against in the later Vedic period. The discrimination was observed primarily in terms of acquisition of education and other rights and facilities. The position of women further experienced a decline with the prevalence of child marriage, sati, polygamy and the purdah system. The women were primarily equated with property in the epics and the puranas.

During the Mauryan period too, the status of women was in a deteriorated condition. Though the kings employed female bodyguards and spies. The women, belonging to upper castes were supposed to accept the purdah system. During this period, men were polygamous and sati was regarded as an accepted norm. Arthashastra imposed more stigmas upon them, they were not permitted to go to any



Sem-IV

Second Year B.A.

HISTORY & CULTURE OF ANDHRA

(From 1512 - 1956 AD)



ANDHRA PRADESH STATE COUNCIL OF HIGHER EDUCATION

(A Statutory Body of the Government of A.P.)

B.A. (Second Year Semester IV) :

History & Culture of Andhra (From 1512 1956 AD)

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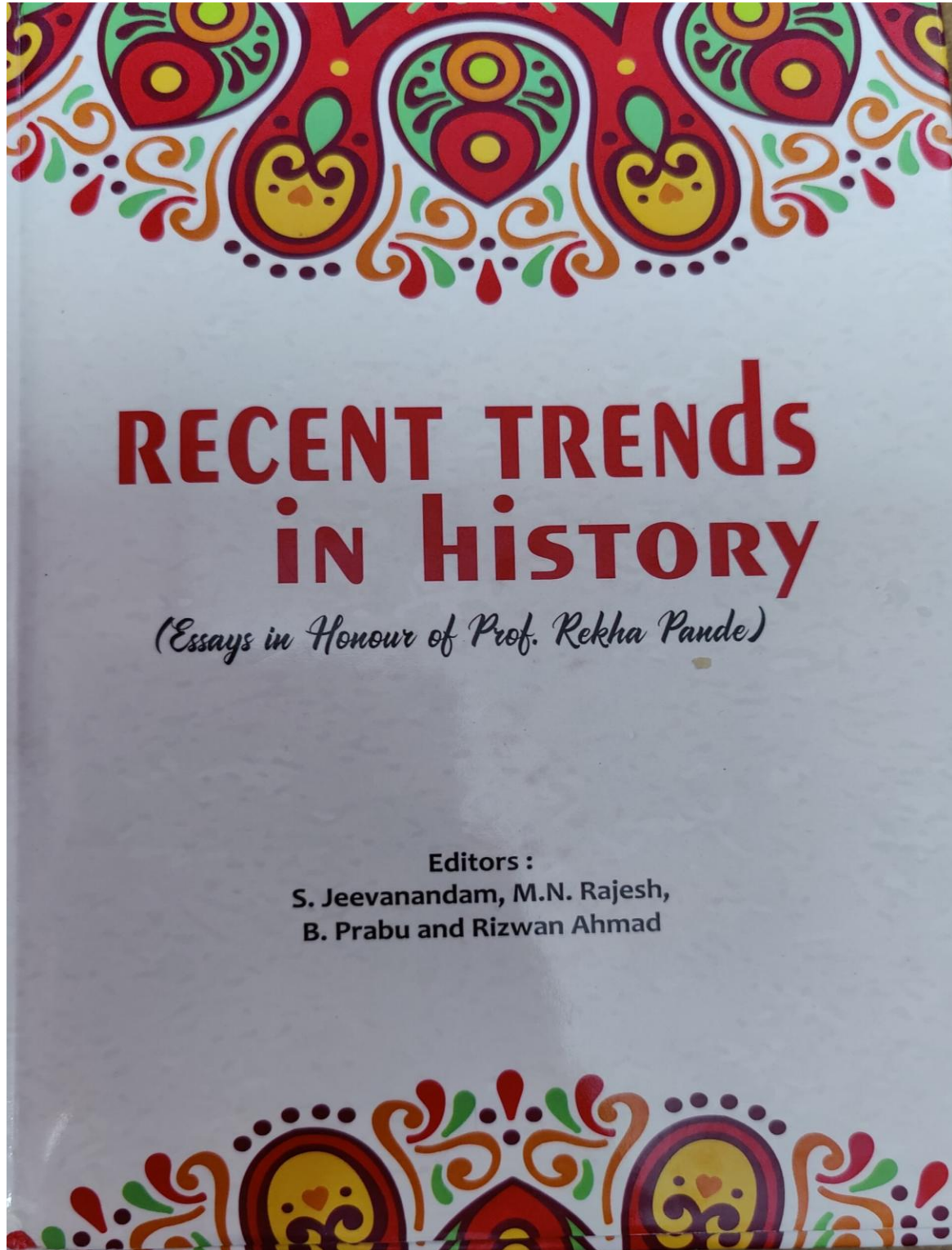
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Additional Information:



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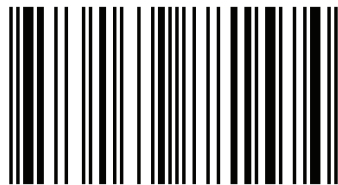
Deltamethrin Toxicity on fish

To determine the LC50 of Deltamethrin during exposure of *Cyprinus carpio*. To assess the alterations in Carbohydrate metabolism during different concentration of Deltamethrin toxic condition in different organs of fish. To evaluate the alterations in Protein and Amino acid metabolism during Deltamethrin toxic state in fish. To determine the cholinergic metabolism during Deltamethrin toxic conditions of fish. To resolve the Antioxidants and detoxifying enzyme systems in Deltamethrin toxic setting of fish. To find out the Lipid profiles and Lipid peroxidation in Deltamethrin toxic conditions of fish. Though the present study is preliminary in its outlook, yet the attempts that are made in the present investigation will certainly pave the way for commendable research in this direction. The author remains pardonable for any errors which may have crept in due to oversight, and for any investigative lacunae which are due to limitations in facilities. The author welcomes constructive comments from the reviewers on this research work and suggestions for future studies.

Salikineedy Kishore
D. Adinarayana

Deltamethrin induced metabolic changes in fresh water fish *C. carpio*

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Title: **"DELTAMETHRIN AND METABOLIC CHANGES IN FRESH WATER FISH CYPRINUS CARPIO"**

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